

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/806,198	03/23/2004	York Alexander Beste	54391	2001
26474	7590 06/28/2006		EXAM	INER
NOVAK DRUCE DELUCA & QUIGG, LLP			THERKORN, ERNEST G	
1300 EYE STI SUITE 400 EA			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			1723	
			DATE MAILED: 06/28/2006	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

This action is FINAL. 2b This action is non-final. 3ct This action is FINAL. 2b This action is non-final. 3ct This action is FINAL. 2b This action is non-final. 3ct This action is application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Emest G. Therkom Tr23	Office Action Commons	10/806,198	BESTE ET AL.				
The MALING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address − Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MALING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Eacheston of time may be availated under the provisions of 3°CFR 1.18(a). In overant, howers, may reply be then find the provision of 3°CFR 1.18(a). In overant, howers, may reply be then find the provision of 3°CFR 1.18(a). In overant plant may a reply be then find the provision of 3°CFR 1.18(a). In overant plant the specified above, the mention statutory parked will apply and will expire \$3.0°CFR 1.79(b). Feature to reply inclined the provision of the above claim(s)	Oπice Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ** after SIX (8) MONTHS from the making date of bits communication. ** if NO period reply is specified show, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (NONTHS from the making date of this communication. ** if NO period reply is specified show, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (NONTHS from the making date of this communication. ** if NO period reply is specified show, the makimum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (NONTHS from the making date of this communication. ** if NO period reply is specified show, the makimum statutory period will apply show the specified period of the communication become ABANDONED. (35 U.S.C. § 133). **Status** ****IND Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 May 2006. ***2a) This action is FINAL. ***2b) This action is FINAL. **2b) This action is FINAL. **2b) This action is incondition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Exparte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. **Disposition of Claims** ***Disposition of Claims** ***4) Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are pending in the application. **4a) Of the above claim(s)		<u></u>					
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Elementor of the many be waited under the provision of 37 CFR 1.13(b). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled effect 3X (b) MOSTISE from the mailing date of this communication. In the provision of t							
2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) ∑ This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) ∑ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are pending in the application. 42) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) ☐ Nolice of References Cited (PTO-82) 2) ☐ Nolice of Torthopenson's Patent Drawling Review (PTO-948) 3) ☐ Nolice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) ☐ Other 7	 WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any 						
2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) ∑ This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) ∑ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are pending in the application. 42) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) ☐ Nolice of References Cited (PTO-82) 2) ☐ Nolice of Torthopenson's Patent Drawling Review (PTO-948) 3) ☐ Nolice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) ☐ Other 7	Status						
3 Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s)	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 M	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 May 2006.					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to by the Examiner. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 9) Other:	2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	(a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This action is non-final.					
A) Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3 Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Tratsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
4) Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 7 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are ejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are rejected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3 Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:	Disposition of Claims						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disdosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Other:	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 6-13</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:	Application Papers						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:	Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:	 a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). 						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Attachment(s)						
	2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P	ite				

Art Unit: 1723

Claims 1-4 and 6-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The metes and bounds of "high-boiling compounds" can not be determined. As such, the claim is considered to be indefinite.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-3, 8-11, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(B) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009). The claims are considered to read on Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009). However, if a difference exists between the claims and Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009), it would reside in

Art Unit: 1723

optimizing the elements of Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009). It would have been obvious to optimize the elements of Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) to enhance separation.

Claims 1-3, 8-11, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291). At best, the claims differ from Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) in the clarity that nitrotoluene is a polar high boiling compound. Hackh's Chemical Dictionary. McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 discloses that nitrotoluene boils at 218 degrees Celsius. This is considered to be high boiling. Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) on column 12, lines 8-10 discloses that nitrotoluene is polar. Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) on column 2, lines 36-41 discloses that nitrotoluene is polar. It would have been obvious that Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009)'s nitrotoluene is a polar high boiling compound because Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 discloses that nitrotoluene boils at 218 degrees Celsius and either because Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) on column 12, lines 8-10 discloses that nitrotoluene is polar or because Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) on column 2, lines 36-41 discloses that nitrotoluene is polar.

Claims 2, 7, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either

Art Unit: 1723

Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) as applied to claims 1-3, 8-11, and 13 above, and further in view of Snyder, Introduction to Modern Liquid Chromatography, John Wiley & Sons New York, 1979, pages 270-272, 285, and 410-411. At best, the claims differ from Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) in reciting use of ion exchange chromatography. Snyder, Introduction to Modern Liquid Chromatography, John Wiley & Sons New York, 1979, pages 270-272, 285, and 410-411 discloses on pages 410-411 that ion exchange was the first of the various liquid chromatography methods to be used widely under modern liquid chromatography conditions. It would have been obvious to use ion exchange chromatography in Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) as his particular type of chromatography because Snyder, Introduction to Modern Liquid Chromatography, John Wiley & Sons New York, 1979, pages 270-272, 285, and 410-411 discloses on pages 410-411 that ion exchange was the first of the various liquid chromatography methods to be used widely under modern liquid chromatography conditions.

Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki

Art Unit: 1723

(U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) as applied to claims 1-3, 8-11, and 13 above, and further in view of Gerhold (U.S. Patent No. 4,402,832). At best, the claim differs from Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) in reciting use of a continuous chromatography process. Gerhold (U.S. Patent No. 4,402,832) (column 1, lines 29-39) discloses that use of a simulated moving bed is a very successful process for separating components from a feed mixture. It would have been obvious to use a continuous chromatography process in Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) because Gerhold (U.S. Patent No. 4,402,832) (column 1, lines 29-39) discloses that use of a simulated moving bed is a very successful process for separating components from a feed mixture.

Claims 6, 7, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) as applied to claims 1-3, 8-11, and 13 above, and further in view of Snyder, Introduction to Modern Liquid Chromatography, John Wiley & Sons New York, 1979, pages 270-272, 285, and 410-411. At best, the claims differ from Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill

Art Unit: 1723

Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) in reciting use of water as a solvent and reversed phase silica gel. Snyder, Introduction to Modern Liquid Chromatography, John Wiley & Sons New York, 1979, pages 270-272, 285, and 410-411 on pages 270-272 and 285 discloses that reversed phase silica gel packings are the closest to a universal system for modern liquid chromatography and that water is usually used as a base solvent. It would have been obvious to use water as a solvent and reversed phase silica gel in Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) because Snyder, Introduction to Modern Liquid Chromatography, John Wiley & Sons New York, 1979, pages 270-272, 285, and 410-411 on pages 270-272 and 285 discloses that reversed phase silica gel packings are the closest to a universal system for modern liquid chromatography and that water is usually used as a base solvent.

Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) as applied to claims 1-3, 8-11, and 13 above, and further in view of Wasserscheid (Ionic Liquids in Synthesis). At best, the claim differs from Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or

Art Unit: 1723

Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) in reciting evaporating low boiling compounds. Wasserscheid (Ionic Liquids in Synthesis) discloses on page 17, lines 13-15 discloses that any volatile compound may be removed from an ionic liquid by distillation. It would have been obvious to evaporate low boiling compounds in Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) alone or further in view of Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 and either Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) or Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) because Wasserscheid (Ionic Liquids in Synthesis) discloses on page 17, lines 13-15 discloses that any volatile compound may be removed from an ionic liquid by distillation.

The remarks urge that page 11 of the specification make the terms "low boiling point" and "high boiling point" are definite. However, page 11 of the specification does not indicate what temperature range would be considered to be "low boiling point liquids" and what temperature range would be considered to be "high boiling point liquids." As such, page 11 of the specification does not contribute to making the terms "low boiling point" and "high boiling point" definite.

The remarks urge that separation of a polar, high boiling compound is not shown. However, Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) discloses the separation of nitrotoluene in paragraph 24, line 9; paragraph 26, line 9; and paragraph 28, line 9 from ionic liquid (paragraphs 42-43). Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 discloses that nitrotoluene boils at 218 degrees Celsius. This is considered to be high boiling. Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) on column 12, lines 8-10 discloses that nitrotoluene is polar. Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) on column

2, lines 36-41 discloses that nitrotoluene is polar. It would have been obvious that Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009)'s nitrotoluene is a polar high boiling compound because Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 1972, page 461 discloses that nitrotoluene boils at 218 degrees Celsius and either because Kawaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,543,474) on column 12, lines 8-10 discloses that nitrotoluene is polar or because Thiem (U.S. Patent No. 4,751,291) on column 2, lines 36-41 discloses that nitrotoluene is polar.

The remarks urge that Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) is directed to separation by distillation and not adsorption. However, Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) on paragraph 8 discloses that distillation and chromatography are interchangeable separation means. As such, Earle (U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0015009) is considered to disclose adsorption.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to E. Therkorn at telephone number (571) 272-1149. The official fax number is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Art Unit: 1723

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ernest G. Therkorn Primary Examiner Art Unit 1723

Grast G. Hahor

Page 9

EGT June 26, 2006